The New Steel Cruisers

Scarcity of Ten-Cent Pieces.

Arrested for Perjury

Boller Inspector at Louisville

Immigration Statist

Washington, November 24 —During the month of October 25,918 immigrants ar-

rived in this country-a decrease of 6179 compared with October, 1884.

THE WARLIKE FEELING

Riel's Execution.

BISMARCK, DAK., November 24.-A half

preed hunter who has arrived from the

Canadian Northwest reports that an ex-

tremaly warlike spirit exists among his countrymen of the Northwest Territory. No sooner did the news of Riel's execution

reach the Indians and halfbreed French

fragments, burned them to ashes. The huntsman now here says he does not be-

considered unfriendly. He says that the great need of the halfbreeds in the execu-

THE CUSTOMS LAWS.

Letter from the Iron and Steel Men

Asking for Information.

from a general revision that we, neverthe-less, strongly object to the revision being undertaken at this time. We do not

perience how impossible it is for Congress with many important questions pressing

for its consideration, to give the details of

a tariff bill the time and attention that are

absolutely necessary if great interests are

the French Canadians Over

WASHINGTON, November 24.-The Sec

Washington, November 24 .- Detectives

難到MPHIS APPEAL. WEDNESDAY, : : NOVEMBER 25, 1885 In reviewing the clearings of the weending November 14th, the New York Chronicle notes in them continued im-Last week a phenomenal sea wave broke ovement as compared with the year be fore. Not only speculative operations, but at San Francisco and along the shores of large increase. The total clearings for the week were 39.0 per cent., exclusive of New York 20.4 per cent against 49.3 per ent, and 24.5 per cent, the week before, igures that look as if a better state of things was "come to stay." The Chronicle reports "a somewhat improving feeling among the manufacturing districts, with very few disturbances from atrikes, and earthquake occurred. In December, 1854. those of local importance. The forwarding of the crops of the Northwest to market has not hitherto, at most points, been season, and yet the cities which would more particularly feel the effect shed to the hight of something over six more restricted movement outside of New York, taken collectively, ecord an excess over a year ago of \$50. 129,097, or 20.4 per cent., and in this in crease only Baltimore, Lowell, Cleveland, Psoria, New Orleans and San Francisco fail to participats." While enormous stock speculations are going on, bankers' balances are easier at an average of 24 pe for but little money for crop purposes for the last three weeks, and for two week the flow has been toward New York. while the banks have received the \$5,915. 000 that had been advanced to the government, setting free that portion of bank recorves, and there have been receipts other per cent. The change was largely due to leavy stock transactions. The banks lead freely on succeptable collaterals. London advices report money more active i London at 2 to 2; per cent, and bullion is beginning to flow into the Bank of Eagland. No great perturbation from the Balkan struggle is anticipated. Bar silver is quoted at 47 5-16 of a penny, a fall of 5 16 since the final result of the effort t extend the Latin Union. This makes the present value of the silver dollar 80.2177 ents. There is trouble about Belgium cram of Monday last, published in the earthquakes provent the islands being a National Bank of Belgium and compelled says: "The check in the outflow of money from this center to the interior general business. This feature is the more noteworthy because it is occurring when form a new continent, or the whole Jisapour large crop of cotton is moving freely, and when Northwestern staples are also would certainly seem under such cir orise at the same time develor ng to any considerable extent." On the other hand the clearing exchanges are large in New York and elsewhere, the iron market indication is favorable, and other markets—exclusive of speculative graph through the postoffice as they now erals, Mr. Gladstone said: "Whatever good market, says the Chronicle, "caution is

thrown to the winds, and no rumor is too It is not the 'cats and dogs' that everybody is after." More settled matters among the railroads and a more encouraging situation of the coal trade, are also favorable indications There have been expectations of a call of bonds, but the Chronicle says it has good plated at present, unless a stringency of money should arise to make such a call reserve was increased \$894,125, and is now over \$27,000,000. The banks have in the past two weeks, while loans have en contracted nearly \$5,000,000 since October 31st. Deposits are about \$3,370, 000 less than on that date, so that the decrease in loans has more than kept pac with the decrease in deposits. Comparer loans of \$51,000,000, in deacsits of \$15,000, 000, in specie of \$9,000,000, a decrease i legal tenders of \$8,000,000, au increase in reserve of \$1,000,000, and a decrease in

The tariff is the most vital question be fore the American people. The protected pitalists, who profit by the injustice and equalities of the present tariff, have ned to prevent any disturbance of a 000,000 or \$70,000,000 in taxes on the hard earnings of the people. But according to the Herald's own figures ardens of a war tariff in time of profound peace. The mechanical interests are borne down by its oppressions. No one, except those that have been placed n partnership with the government by the Republican party, are benefited by the present tariff. Ey crowding the National ressury with surplus millions of the bard earnings of the people, the time and in and their time, strength and money to nity to make a reduction, and when they wages these benevolent protectionists, who favor the present tariffe because it gives workingmen high wages, import cargoes of Hungarians, Poles, Italians and Chinese to take the places of the and Chinese to take the places of the places of the control of the Colored Calvary church, both of this city, have completed their declarations in suits against the officers and Chinese to take the places of the places of the colored Calvary church, both of this city, have completed their declarations in suits against the officers and Chinese to take the places of the places of the places of the colored Calvary church, both of this city, have completed their declarations in suits against the officers and crew of the ferryboat plying between Norfolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the places of the colored Calvary church, both of this city, have completed their declarations in suits against the officers and crew of the ferryboat plying between Norfolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the places of the colored Calvary church, both of this city, have completed their declarations in suits against the officers and crew of the ferryboat plying between Norfolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the places of the colored Calvary church, both of the St. Louis Live Stock Exchange read a paper entitled, "The Commission Merchant; His Relation to the Live Stock Industry."

The Commission Merchant; His Relation to the Live Stock Industry."

The reading of this paper closed the session was held this morning in the chapel of the Third Prespective Commission of the Colored Calvary church, both of the St. Louis Live Purrsnus, Purrsnus, Palathorae Convention.

The Commission Merchant; His Relation to the Live Stock Industry."

The reading of this paper closed the session was held this morning in the chapel of the Third Prespective Commission of the Commission

of a prohibitory tariff. Labor can po onger be deladed by the hypocrisy which preaches the beauties of a system to raise wages and practices a system that reduces wages to starvation prices. The present | The Result of the Parliamentary Elec tariff must co.

#### CALIFORNIA SEA WAVE.

the Pacific, said to be as large as those which occurred when the great earthquake caused fearful destruction in Java in August, 1583. Clear across the vas Pacific those waves passed along, until from Java they struck our own abore. The elevation of these waves was not The Budget Discussed in the Ger large at San Francisco, but they were of tarrific energy nearer the spot where the when the great earthquake shook out de struction in the Western Pacific, waves thirty feet high rushed into the harbor of Samoda, Japan, and adjoining islands. On reaching our coast these waves had diminished to the hight of something over six inches. The earthquake wave of 1883 had 3000 miles further to travel to touch our Pacific coast than those of 1854, but they were nearly twice as high as the Japan waves. As the waves of last Thursday are understood not to rival the waves of 1883, the New York Herald infers that some earthquake extasting the first that the alleged arbitrary action of the federal government amounted in round figures to \$74,000,000; in 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,0000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$23,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$20,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884-35 to \$20,000. In 1856 the people paid \$2 63 per head for the support of the government; in 1884trophe must have occurred, "not in the women to Parliament. floor of the Northwestern Pacific, but within the 'circle of fire' including the Friendly. New Guines and the Philippine Islands.' As no tidings of an usual earthquake Lave been received, may not the waves have been connected with the terrible typhoon that has devastated the Philippine Islands when 8000 buildings, including many hurches, school-louses and other public buildings were destroyed, and a number of persons were killed? The Philippine Islands are more than 1200 in number. and have an area of 150,000 square miles. and a population of between 4,000,and a population of between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000. These islands are
stituated north of Borneo and Celebes, they tary for Ireland under Mr. Gladstone's are subject to Spain, and the neal of government is at Manilla. They abound in valuable woods and metals and valuable agricultural products, and many British and American merchants carry on a flour ishing business at Manilla and other towns. The islands are populated by Indians, Africans, Chinese, Spaniards, English and Americans. The climate is a fine one, and the fartility and natural Mr. Callan then demanded to know the products make it easy and cheap to live a grounds of Mr. Parnell's recent charge life of more than comfort. Cyclones and puradise however, and few years pass without destructive storms and volcani eruptions. A convulsion in 1864 caused the entire disappearance of several of these islands, and the year before nearly the whole of Manilla was destroyed. While islands occasionally disappear, a new one now and then shows itself, so that an ac-curate count of them cannot be kept. Whether the whole group may some day form a new continent, or the whole Jisap.

pear, is uncertain. POSTAL TELEGRAPH. The New York Washington correspond ent states that Senator Edmunds will introduce a bill in the coming Congress for the establishment, by government, of a postal telegraph. This means that the people should be given opportunity to leader was confident of a majority because communicate with each other by tele of his Irish allies. Referring to Mr. Par-Presidents, Postmasters-General and committees of both houses of Congress have arged that the same should be done in this country. The Revised Statutes, section 5267, show all-ged indecent publications. hat Congress has provided a mode by which this may be done. The business to e accomplished is the same as that done by mail-the transmission of message rom one person to another. The power of the government to do this is not limited to any one means of communication the postal system has offices, fuel and light, and little addition would be required if the telegraphic service were added; therefore the postoffice could do the work cheaper than it is done by the em a means of extortion and oppression. The telegraph involves a great power which should not be left to private hands The vast amount of public business, merog of prices and other matters leeply affecting trade and social affairs

which should not be in private hands.

neutral in these matters-private parties would be rejected. may or may not be so. Two or three times the people have felt outraged by the conduct of the present monopoly, and have demanded deliver ance from it by the establishment of the postal telegraph, and the exposure now making in the courts respecting the Bell

an mal industry kill, as now in operation, as calculated to create public panic in the cattle industry, instead of lasting benefits, inasmuch as the industry is practically at the mercy of the veterinarians given to LITTLE ROCK, AEK, A most disastrons panies created by the stu-pidity of so-called government experts. io asserted that there has never teen west of the Allegheny Mountains a case of that form of pleuro-pneumonia which ravaged Europe and Austria. "Has any one heard of a case of pleuro-pneumonia since Congress adjourned?" significantly asked the speaker. Mr. Coy proposed no emedy other than a recomm endation for

tion of cost will be the smallest consideration." That the country has need of a good, active postal telegraphic system is obvious, and the cities, districts and trade exchanges should take steps to let Congress know how general and how pressing the want is.

Civil Rights suits in Maryland.

Ealtimore, Md., November 24. The barden of the address was that without harmony with the owners of the maturing grounds of the Northwest on all questions of quarantine and trail, that Texas will be depended in their behalf. Consumption, bronchitts, cough, heart disease, fever and ague, intermittent fever, dropsy, neuralg a, goitre or thick neck, and all diseases of the blood, are cured by this world-remowned medicine. Its properties are wonderful, its action magical. By druggiets.

Collected a Large amount and Skipped.

Indiana for their behalf. Consumption, bronchitts, cough, heart disease, fever and ague, intermittent fever, dropsy, neuralg a, goitre or thick neck, and all diseases of the blood, are cured by this world-remowned medicine. Its properties are wonderful, its action magical. By druggiets.

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Indiana for the Northwest on all questions of quarantine and trail, that Texas will be addressed in their behalf. Consumption, bronchitts, cough, heart disease, fever and ague, intermittent fever, dropsy, neuralg a, goitre or thick neck, and all diseases of the blood, are cured by this world-remowned medicine. Its properties are wonderful, its action magical. By druggiets. Civil Rights Suits in Maryland.

Baltimore, MD., November, 24.—The Rev. Harvey Johnston of the Colored Union Baptist church and the Rsv. P. H. R. Braxton of the Colored Calvary church.

American laborer, for whose sake they are so solicitous, and when American labor protests against starbation, and drives out the men against whose competition they were told the present tariff would shield were told the present tariff would shield the men the protectionists are shocked and the protection of the places of the suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk as parties to the violation of civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth under the civil rights act. The suit will include the municipalities of Portsmouth and Nortolk and Portsmouth and

The Committee on Resolutions, whose was a joint owners of the ferryboat. The facts alleged are that the complant secured first-class passage on the
men against whose competition they
were told the present tariff would shickly
them, the protectionists are shocked and
would have the militia to murder the
American workingmen. If the manufacturer favors protection because it increases the wages of labor, the natural infarence is that he approves high wages.

But experience shows that the manufactmore grinds labor seam with the protection.

Chicago foot up \$8500.

The Committee on Resolutions, whose
report is expected to furnish topics for
discussion, not being ready to present
their report, the convention of New York, the
Rev. A. W. Simpson of New York, the
Rev. A. W.

B. Beueman and Zeras E. Britton for \$4200, the deed stating that the land was free from incumbrance, except a mortgage of \$277 held by Joseph Hall. The property was afterward bought under sheriff's sale for \$590 by R. J. B. Galusha. It is now claimed that the mortgage had been paid and that the heirs are preparing to bring action to recover the property, that is to-day estimated worth \$300,000. BRITISH POLITICS. tions So Far Received-Miss

Helen Taylor

berwell by the Returning Officer

-The Lady's Protest.

man Reichstag-The Smallpox

in Canada.

Justin McCarthy for Newry.

heds to day to nominate a candidate for Parliament for the Louth Division, repre-

ented by Mr. Phillip Callan. Everything

against him in refusing to accept him as the Nationalist candidate, to succeed him-

self. Mr. O'Kelley, one of Mr. Parnell's

lieutenants, thereupon arose and declared

that the charge was that Mr. Callan was drunk in the House of Commons during

the session just closed, and that for this reason Mr. Parnell deemed him unworthy

o represent the Nationalists in the new

Mr. Gladstone at Edinburgh,

recent utterances. The Tories professe

anxiety for the church, but were really all

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

Indecent Publications.

Six Months for Insulting the King

has been sentenced to six months' impr

Smallpox to Capada

HALIFAX, N. S., November 24.-There

The German Relebsing.

CATTLEMEN'S CONVENTION.

A Number of Interesting Papers Rend

Sr. Lauis, Mo , November 24.-The con-

After the reading of announcement

bell on the President's desk.

Beelin, November 24.-A debate arose

cle insulting the King.

vaccination.

LONDON, November 24.-The

assed off smoothly until Mr. Callan's

### 60,000,000 SURPLUS

Rejected as a Candidate for North Cam-That the Tax Payers Should Insist Upon Having Struck Of, New York *Herald*: The last Democratic President before Mr. Cleveland was chosen in 1856, when the United States contained about 28,000,000 of people against 55,000,000 last year. We have been looking over a table of annual taxes and expenditures covering the period from 1855-6 to 1884-5, and set down here some comparisons between the first year of the last Democratic administration and the last year of the last Republican. In 1856-57 the total "net revenue"

revenue of less than \$4,500,000; in 1884-5 this surplus revenue, taken from the people's pockets without a shadow of excuse ple's pockets without a shadow of excuse, amounted to \$63,500,000. This systematic robbery of the people by over-taxation began in 1880. In the previous year the surplus revenue was only \$6,750,000; in 1880 it rose to \$65,750,000; in 1881 it rose to over \$100,000,000, in 1882 to \$135,500,000; in 1883 to \$132,750,000 and in 1884 it Longon November 24 .- The following results of the Parliamentary elections have been received this afternoon: The Right Hon. David R Plunkett, First Com-missioner of Works under the Conserva-tive Cabinet, and Mr. Holmes Attorney-General for Ireland, also under the Con-000, in 1883 to \$132,750,000, and in 1884 i stood at \$104,343 333. In six years—the last six years of Republican rule—the peoservative Cabinet, have been elected from servative Caoline, have been elected from the Dablin University Division; Thomas Burt, labor caudidate, is elected for Mor-peth; the Right Hon. George Otto Tre-velyan, Chief Secretary for Ireland under Mr. Gladstone's administration, is elected ple were overtaxed to the amount of \$622,-250,000, the exact amount of surplus revenue for those years being \$622,233,needlessly out of the pockets of the people or Galashiels; Col. F. A. Stanley, Coloin six consecutive years by exorbitan ial Secretary in the Conservative Cabinet. taxation, and those years of absolute peace. Comparison of items and expenditure roup, Stirlingshire, Scotland, and Mr. The Louth Nationalist Convention. DUBLIN, November 24.—The Louth Na-onalist Convention assembled at Drog-

> In the return from which we have taken hese figures civil and miscellaneous ex-bese figures are lumped together, only the not a candidate for Doorkeeper or Ser-not a candidate for Doorkeeper or Ser-peant to the House. He is too this a sudden increase. In the previous year it was nearly \$71,000,000; the year before that \$68,500,000; the year before that \$37,250,000.

It would seem from these figures that the Democratic House might easily and safaly strike off between \$80,000,000 and Parliament, which promises to be a most important one for Ireland. Mr. Callan in 0,000,000 of taxes; and we advise the cople, the tax-payers, to require this to done. The whole surplus revenue, \$33,000,000, ought to be remitted, because the establishment of proper economy in the Indian service, in the War Department, and, above all, in the overgrown and bloated total for "civil and mreceland a scene of confusion ensued, during ianeous expenditures," will leave enough to provide handsomely for a new navy and EDINBURGH, November 24 .- Mr. Gladstone spoke here to-day. He complained that Lord Salisbury had misinterpreted his for all other surpeses.

#### FUGITIVE WIFE MURDERER. cription of Smith, Who Killed His Wife at Chicago. CHICAGO, ILL, November 24.—The con

oner's inquest on the remains of Mrs. Emma Smith, who was murdered by her husband, Samuel R. Smith, at 310 West do by the mails. This is a matter of im-location of the liberals. The lories have more street, Saturday night, was begun a ways opposed any measure for Ireland's shortly after 10 o'clock to-day at the county benefit. The Liberals would continue to hospital. A jury was impaneled and report of the United States postmaster of set in the same spirit toward Ireland in viewed the mangled remains in the eport of the United States positioner of set in the same spirit toward literature as in the past, quite unmoved the future as in the past, quite unmoved by the threats of Mr. Parnell and his murderer. They express confidence that he will be caught soon, as his description is so full and complete. It is not known yet to what depot he went after getting out of the back which he hired to assist him in his flight Saturday night. The ment intends prosecuting Town Talk for dioxing is the description of the murderer that is being sent all over the country by the police department: COPENHAGEN, November 24.- M. Horas

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, CHICAGO, ILL., November 23, 1885. Arrest for murder Samuel R. Smith. He is about five 'eet reven inches high, medium build, lid to 159 pounds weight, dark brown hair, which he combs low on his forehead, and is slightly sprinkled with gray; has tumor on top of his head and very receding forehead; sear through right eyebrow; small brown mustache, sometimes dyed black and curled up at ends; small pieroing blue eyes; talks rapidly; medium pale face; wore when he left here dark bettle-green suit with silver stripes; dark overcoat; small leaf scarf pin with diamond in center, and high silk hat made by a Chicago hatter. Address all information to

General Superintendent Police. itor and president of the Folkething, ment for writing and publishing an ar-MONTREAL, November 24 - There were six deaths from small; ox in the city Satorday and six in the suburbs. On Sunday there were nine in the city and ten in the

have been four deaths and fifteen new cases of smallpox in Charlottetown since Saturday evening. The provincial gov-ernment has made arrangements for free A TOUGH CITIZEN, Who Has spent Most of His Life Be-hind Prison Bars.

John Pierson, who, at Omaha, confessed to the murder of Watson B. Smith, clerk of the United Jtates District Court, on the confessed of the United Jtates Di on the first reading of the budget in the Reichstag to-day. Herr Burchard, Secretary of the Imperial Treasury, insisted upon the necessity of increasing the mil-tary outlay, and upon the necessity of rebefore going to Nebraska for stealing the overcoat of an editor at Decatur. He has served two years in the Columbus prison as John Williams, one term in Louisiana force until abrogated by the action of both vising the taxation of sugar and increasing ie duties on spirits in order to place the nances of the empire upon a sounder coting. Herr Richter opposed incressing the appropriation for the army, and sharply criticsed the government's colonial tacked the home and foreign policy of the government, and said he hoped the budget had a gold watch and chain and several ago, after revising its own code of rules, gold coins, which were stolen from a lady. He is said by the prison authorities here to be a great fraud, and got up a sen-which embodied a carefully digested ville. At another time at the same place he confessed that he was old man Bender. vention of the National Cattle and Horse Growers' Association was called to order

to-day by ex-Gov. Routt of Celorade, by the tinkling of the mammoth silver cow and the defeat of a proposition to refer all resolutions, to the Committee on Resolusteamship Rio Grande, which arrived at ns without debate, the Hon. Elmer B. Key West yesterday afternoon with her Washburn was introduced to read a paper entitled "The Chicago Live Stock Exchange: Its Position Relative to National Legislation on the Subject of Contagious Diseases." Mr. Washburn spoke but briefly approximate the approximant of a paper of the compoundation o riefly, suggesting the appointment of a valued at \$250,000, and is insured chiefly National Committee to fester proper national legislation to protect the cattle industry in all of its branches, and then gave way to Mr. Irus Coy of Chicago, who had prepared an elaborate purpose the cattle inglish firms. The vessel is valued at \$3.0,000. The Mallory Line has been unfortuneated an elaborate purpose the cattle. prepared an elaborate paper upon the subject. Speaking for the Exchange, Mr. lovy expressed decided opposition to the board.

Later.-The fire is now under control. pieuro-pneumonia, when nothing more dangerous than lung fever, the result of over-driving, is in sight. The speaker ited several instances of far-resching and lost disastrous panies created by the study of specific control of Pierce & Company, furniture: A. R Witt, drug-store and postoffice; Schetham &

Watkins and J. Heiliger, merchants; Ledger-Democrat, printing office. Total Ledger-Democrat, printing office. Total loss, \$20,000 to \$25,000; small insurance. It Astonished the Fublic To hear of the resignation of Dr. Pierce as beneficent use of his scient fic kcowledge in their behalf. Consumption, bronchits.

money and left for peris unknown. Wright came from Dayton, O., and is said to be a member of a respected family.

#### New Orleans. About \$10,000,000 in gold coin has already been transferred from the former city. About \$2,000,000 of this amount was taken to Chicago. A HARD WORKER.

The Vast Amount of Business Transacte Washington, November 24.—It is said at the Navy Department that the new steel cruise s, Boston and Atlanta, will be ready to receive their officers and crews about the 1st of March next, and that the cruiser Chicago will be launched at Chester about the 3d of December, but will not be ready for sea service before the end of next year. by the President-His Message About Completed.

Proposed Change in the Hous Rules-Senators Taking an Active Interest.

The Contest for the House Offices-Th Modest Higgins-'Possums for Thanksgiving.

Washington, November 24.—It was stated to day by an official at the Executive Mansion that the recult of the work done by President Cleveland during his embargo of the office-seekers and their friends will be apparent when the first batch of nominations is sent to the Senate, who will be surprised at the amount of work done. The President does not keep government hours, and often works far the state of the state. 31, 1885, were \$717,179,352, and during the preceding twelve months \$734,827,799, a decrease of \$17,648,447. The values of imports of merchandise for the twelve months ended October 31, 1885, were into the night. His message is about completed, and will cover from four to six \$572,417,322, and during the preceding twelve months \$652,561,413, a decrease of

- MANY SENATORS are taking an active interest in the pro-posed change of House rules, as the Senate suffers from their obstructive character, and measures of importance having passed the Senate fail in the House because the CONTEST FOR HOUSE OFFICES.

There is no visible change in the contest for House offices. The entire programme is made out and members in the city have all settled down to the belief that the caucus next Saturday night week will be the tamest ever known which controlled the organization of the House. From Speaker down its only work will be to put certain officials in nomination by practical unanimity. Only forty-five members and fifty Senators are in town.

POSSUMS FOR THANKSGIVING. thow that in 1856-57 \$14,000 000 were spent in the navy; in 1884-85 only \$16,000,000. In 1856-57 the army cost a little less than 17,000,000, but in 1884-85, with fewer Inlians to deal with, it cost over \$42,500,000. In that he had shipped by express two The Indian service cost in 1856-57 only \$2,750,000, while in 1884-85, with fewer Indians
to feed and keep in order, and with transportation and all other expanditures cheapdent and the other to Assistant-Secretary retary of the Treasury to-day appointed James C. Dugan to be Local Inspector of med by railroads, the Indian service cost of State Porter for their Thanksgiving

ablic debt being stated separately. The sem of "civil and miscellaneous expenditions of and a fast growth. In 1856-57 good a Democrat, he says, to not office and apply for another. "If I intended to be a candidate I would give up tended to be a candidate I would give up tures" has had a fast growth. In 1856-57 tended to be a candidate I would give up to came to a little over \$32,000,000; in 1884-85 it footed up \$84,500,000. Nor is

> sued to-day were as follows: Alabama issued to-day were as follows: Alabama—Henry M. Abbercombie, Kelly's Creek, cultivator; John H. Batton, Selma, convertible chair; Thos. C. Garlington, Lafayette planter; Jas. W. Mayberrs, Marvyn, sump-puller; Dan'l S. Troy and J. S. Davis, Montgomery, seeding machine. Tennesee—Jas. J. and E. T. Faulkner, McMinnville, grinding mill; Abel B. Woodward, Nashville, brick machine. Arkansas—Geo. W. Crozly, Good Hone. than a movement was inaugurated to se-cure aid from the American halforeeds. At one camp an effigy of Sir John Macdonald wes hauged before the enraged frontiers-men, who riddled it with bullets, cut it to shreds with knives and, gathering the Arkansas-Geo. W. Crosly, Good Hope thes washer; Robt. S. Thompson, Pine Bluff, hoe rack. PERSONAL. lieve there will be any trouble during the winter months, but thinks the pantup vengeance of the followers of Riel will break out in the spring and create sad havoc among the frontier settlers, who are

Arrivals to-day: Wm. McMahon, Mem phis; A. W. Burton, T. H. Mason, Nash GENERAL WASHINGTON NEWS. Purchases of Supplies,

Department, has determined that contracts | the recent uprising, but left after the sur or such supplies must be made at the reg- | render of Riel and is now in Manitoba. ular market rates, and that where pro posals for supplies are in excess of such ra'es the purchases shall be made in open Cabinet Meeting.

Washington, November 24.—There was a full attendance at the Cabinet meeting to-day. The session lasted about three hours, and was devoted almost entirely to the consideration of the President's message to Congress. The document is in an advanced state of preparation, and will be completed several days before the meeting of Congress. One of the questions three wears old, and we know of no conditions the conditions of the co ing of Congress. One of the questions three years old, and we know of no good

ions, and was sustained in his views by Attitude of the Senate on the Revision of the Rules.

Washington, November 24.—If the perience how impossible it is for Congress, House of Representatives enters in earness upon the revision of the rules, as expected t the beginning of the coming session. the subject of a code of joint rules for the government of transactions between the two houses of Congress is likely to be an mitted."

HE PLAYED A FINE GAME, lut It Was Spoiled by a Too Previous Pat McGuire, who was arrested Friday for the murder of Michael Kane at Logansport, Ind., on August 3d last, was brought here to-day to remain in jail until a re-quisition can be precured. His discovery as John Pierce. He has repeatedly been put behind the bars for horse-stealing and burglary, and has served five agreement to meet special necessities. The necessity for a code of joint rules has, sensational drowning case, and was due to the over seal of his brother to protect Mc Guire. On November 10th his brother, M. A. McGuire, a wholesale merchant of esptured at O.tawa, Ill. When found he with each succeeding session. Two years nesses, was reported to have been drowned. The fact was published and reached the eyes of sn Indiana detective, here to be a great fraud, and got up a sen-sation in the Bloomirgton, Ilb., jail while there by confessing that he was the mur-derer of Murray McConnell of Jackson-tion, and sent it to the House for concurwho was on the lookout for Pat McGuir and who surmised that he was hidden near the scene of the aecident. It now seems that the drowning incident never occurred, and was evidently intended as a rence. The latter body caused the reso-lution to be printed in the usual way, and He has escaped from juil innumerable times by feigning insanity, confessing further action was taken upon the subject owing to the habit of the House of Representations.

blind to be used to persuade the Indiana authorities that it was the fugitive who entatives in putting irrelevant legislation carried through premature publication. upon the appropriation bills, the practice against which the Senate in its own rules has sturdily set its face. Several of the SAN FRANCISCO, CAL, November 24 .-Chica c, who was arrested here a week o sion and settlement of which consumed much time and gave rise to no small so ago and placed in the home of the Boy and Girls' Aid Society, has again assert tained its ground to the end, and only refrom the home and was not heard from again until this morning, when he was legislative rider in question embodied legislation, the passage of which was sorelegislation, the passage of which was sorely needed, and could be secured in no
other way. The new code of joint rules
proposed by the Senate contains the emphatic prohibitory clause against the "general" or irrelevant legislation upon
appropriation bills. The tamper repeatedly manifested by the Senate
during last session indicates the probability that the days of legislative ridges upon

ity that the days of legislative riders upon appropriation bills is past. It is understood that the proposed code of joint rules will be re-introduced in the Senate SALEM, ILL., November 24.—The Master in Chancery, in the case of William Wilkins and others against the unknown heirs of Massie McCarp and others, has sold the estate for \$871. There have been three previous sales of the property, each of which has been set aside on account of by a member of its Committee on Rules and again tendered to the House. The attitude of the Senate upon this question

is one of the strongest of the influences which inspire the present movement to secure a revision of the rules of the House. There are now forty-five claimants, who will divide now forty-five claimants, who will divide The latter body having almost no other method, under its present rules of reaching action upon the many important matters which press upon its attention toward the to repay them for their trouble and expanse. close of the session, than to affix them to pense. appropriation bills which necessarily have precedence, a revision of its rules becomes almost imperative in view of the prospetive loss of this privilege. The business outlook throughout the

Suth and West is very bright, harvests have been abundant, the public health free from even the ordinary maladies, and prosperity has brought an increased patronage to the Louisiana State Lottery on account of its well-established character for heavest management, under the role di Justice of the Supreme Court has au-nounced the following order: Ordered by the court, that the thirty-third rule of this court be amended so as to read as iana, and Jubal A. Early of Virginia. On Tuesday, December 15, 1885, the 187th monthly and the grand semi-annual draw-ing will scatter \$522,500 all over, to hold-ers of tickets at \$10 or fraction of tenths at 51 each. All information can be had of

wise, of the requirements of this rule, and if the articles are not removed within a reasonable time he shall destroy them or make such other disposition of them as to him may seem best.

Appointments by the President.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., November 24.—Tonight Mrs. Louise Steeger, in a fit of temporary insanity, jumped from a fourth story window, with her babe in her arms.

The little one was dashed to death on the

## WARNER AND WORK.

The New York Brokers Indicted with Ferdinand Ward, for Conspiracy to Defraud the

Marine Bank, Brought Before a United States Commissioner and Released on \$30,000 Ball.

Washington, November 24.—Reports received at the Treasury Department indicate a growing scarcity of ten-cent eliver pieces in all parts of the country. In accordance with instructions from the Treasury Department about \$40,000 in dimes were coined at the Philadelphia mint about a week ago. These, however, were found i-sufficient to supply the demand, and the superintendent of the mint has since been instructed to coin into dimes all the uncurrent subsidiary silver coin that may be at the mint. The Defendants Also Charged with Intent to Defraud Ulysses S. Grant-A Lengthy Document.

New York, November 24.—The Times says that Meeers. Warner and Work, who have been kept under surveillance for some time past by private detectives, were apprehended last evening by a deputy marshal, and spent the night at the New York Hotel under nominal arrest.

This morning William S. Warner and J. Henry Work appeared before Judge Brown and asked what amount of bail would be required in their cases. Judge Brown fixed their bail at \$30,000. Both defendants appeared before Commissioner Shields and gave bonds in the amount of \$60,000, or double the amount required The sureties are Frank Work and John C. Work, uncle and father of J. Henry Work. The proceedings before Commissioner Shields were dismissed. The following is the indictment, substantially, as found against the defendants:

That Ferdinand Ward, on May 3, 1884, was a director of the Marine Bank, and, while acting as such director, did with intent to defraud, he, with William S. Warner, James H. Work and divers other persons to the jury as yet unknown, did misspely the sum of \$70,336.75, as follows: That he (Ward) by reason of a check, did direct payment to W. S. Warner of the sum of \$81,000, which was not on deposit nor in any way secured, but was drawn so that William S. Warner, James H. Work and others should draw Washington, November 24.—The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the total values of the exports of merchandise during the twelve months ended October

MARHINGTON, November 24.—Detectives in have arrested five persons for perjury alleged to have been committed in the divorce case of Eugene Belt against Mary Alice Belt, recently decided in Baltimore in favor of the latter. The persons arrested were William T. Benton, formerly a police officer; Battel Minor, a colored restaurant-keeper; Samuel Jackson, a colored watchman; Benjamin Jolly, a restaurant-keeper, and Joseph G. Harper, a policeman. on deposit nor in any way secured, but was drawn so that William S. Warner, James H. Work and others should draw the sum of \$70,336 75 from the Marine Bank, and that Warner and Work were WASHINGTON, November 24.—In the early part of last month Will R. Jackson, late a sistant postmaster at Americas, Ga., defaulted and robbed the postoffice at that place and fied. He was followed by Inspector Booth through Texas to Californis, and was arrested to-day at Los Anpresent and aided and abetted Ward to commit this offense. The second count of the indictment is the same as the forego-

ing, save that Ward is charged with "ab-stracting" instead of misapplying the funds of the bank. The third and fourth counts are the same as the first and se ond, except that they refer to a different check for \$71,800. The fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth counts are the same a the first, second, third and fourth counts except that they charge the intent to have been to defraud Ulysses S. Grant. The document covers nine pages of

the document covers nine pages of closely written and printed matter, and at the end of the indictment the name of William Dorsheimer, United States district-attorney, appears. The bonds of Work and Warner are made returnable on the second Wednesday of Docember next. The penalty in case of conviction is a terr of from five to ten years in State prison. A Fearful Confession

Indianapalis, Ind., November 24—Clement Grausinger, an old resident of Cass county, died Sunday morning. Six years ago Grausinger startled his neighbors by telling them that his daughter, a girl aged twenty, had committed suicide. Her body was found under circumstances that appeared to confirm the telegraphs. was accepted as truth. On his death Grausinger confessed that he and the daughter had been criminally intimate and that he killed her to avoid exposure halter strap around her neck, strangle

The Eastern Natl Manufacturers PITTEBURG, PA, November 24.-It is as serted in a morning paper here to-day that the Eastern nail manufacturers are furthat they have agreed to continue the conone till the strike ends one way or for the promptness with which the mannacturers of nails in the East granted the udvance asked by their nailers. The Eastern nailers, too, are making weekly pay-ments, and all the striking nailers in the Western districts feel very much encou aged by the outlook.

Galveston, Tex., November 24.—A special to the News, from Navasto, says: "The engine and tender attached to an east-bound train on the Navasto brane of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe rai discussed to-day was the order in which certain topics should be considered. The President favored the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence, with a few exception of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence, with a few exception of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence, with a few exception of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence, with a few exception of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence, with a few exception of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence, with a few exception of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence, with a few exception of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of precedence of the custom adopted by a majority of his predecessors as to the order of t the spreading of the rails.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, CAL., November 24.-One of the most terrible rain-storms that ever visited this country has been pre vailing the pest week. Within twelve hours over ten inches ci rain fell. All outside communication by rail and wire was entirely suspended until to-day. No loss of life reported. The damage in the city and suburbs is over \$100,000.

# CAPITAL PRIZE \$150,000

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annue Bravings of the Louisiana State Lottery Compans and in person manage and confrol the Irr-ring themselves, and that the same are conducted withousesty, fairness and in good fasth toward all; article and we authorize the Company to use this certificate

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Capital Prize, \$150,000. 1 Capital Prize of \$150,000 1 Grand Prize of \$150,000 1 Grand Prize of 50,000 Large Prizes of 50,000 NOTICE-Tickets are Ten Dollars on Halves, 85. Fifths, 82. Tenths, 81.

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R. Guinn;" and the medicine was sold at \$5.0 This cognertnership was dissolved by Mr. C. T Swift retiring, and Mr. Guinn continuing the manufacture of this Celebrated Veretable Blood Renewer from Southern forests up to the presen ime. He has now sold his right therein to the Macon Medicine Company, Macon, Ga. Essay on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free

MACON MEDICINE COMPANY.

None genuine without the written signature of

Scrofula of Lungs Re-

lieved. I am now forty-nine years old, and have suffered for the last fifteen years with a lung trouble. Washington, November 24.—Coief tion of their plans is a leader to take the Clerk Youman, of the Treasury, who has place of Riel, and many of them pray for with funds to carry on the strike, which side of the hours had died with consumption, and with funds to carry on the strike, which side of the hours had died with consumption, and with funds to carry on the strike, which is the doctors were all agreed in their opinion that ing symptoms of that terrible disease. I have spent thousands of dollars to arrest the march of this disease; I have employed all of the usual methods, not only in my own care, but in the treatment of other members of my family, but

unfit for any manual labor for several years. B chance I came into possession of a pamphlet of "Blood and Skin Diseases," from the office of Switt Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga. A friend recornended the use of Swift's Specific, claiming that in some lung troubles. I resolved to try it. About tour years ago I commenced to take S. S. S. according to directions. I found it an invisorating toole, and have used about fifty bottles. The revults are most remarkable. My cough has lett mee my strength has returned, and I weigh sixty pounds more than I ever did in my iffe. It has been three years since I stopped the new of the medicine, but I have had no return of the discusse, and there are no pains or weakness felt in my lungs. I do the hardest kind of mechanical work, and feel as well as I ever felt since I was a boy. T. ere, I know, are wonderful statements to make, but I am honest when I say that I owe my existence and heath to-day to swift's Specific. It is the only medicine that brought me any permanent relief I do not say that Swift's Specific will do this in every case, but most positively affirm that it has done this much for me, and I would be recreant to the duty I owe to suffering humanity if I failed to bear this cheerful testimony to the merits of this wonderful medicine. I am well known in the city of Montgomory, and can refer to some of the best citizens in the city.

Montgomery, Ala., June 25, 1885.

Swift's Specific is entirely vegetable. Treatise in some lung troubles. I resolved to try it. Abou

n Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Drawer 3, Atlan 3a . or 157 W. 23d St., N. Y. FOR COUCHS AND CROUP USE

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contains a stimulating expectorant principle this co-sens the phigam producing the sarry morning counts, and admo-thal producing the sarry morning counts, and admo-vabusing counts. When combined with the healing much lagicancy principle in the multient plants of the soft fields, pre-sents in Tattock's Chumpkan Rawerr or Sware Gue and MULLERY the finest known resulty for Couche, Croup, Wheoping, Cough and Communities; and so paintable, any Change of the Country of the Couche, Croup, Wheoping, Cough and Communities; and so paintable, any child in plants. WALTER A. TAYLOR, Atlanta, On, Use DR. HIGGERS' HUCKLERERRY COUNTALL for

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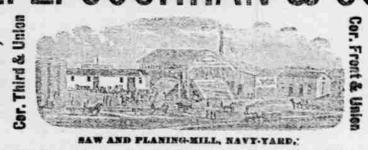
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